·教学研究·

直观教学法在非口腔医学专业口腔修复教学改革中的应用

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【摘要】目的 初步评价在非口腔医学专业口腔修复教学中直观教学法的教学效果。方法 以南京医科大学和南通医学院临床专业五年制、七年制学生 59 名为研究对象,分为直观教学法组(DVT,30 名)和传统教学法组(LBL,29 名),选取《口腔科学》中口腔修复内容为本次研究授课内容,通过考试成绩和问卷调查方式对 2 组的教学效果进行评价。结果 2 组理论考试成绩的差异无显著性意义(P>0.05),但在问卷调查评分上,直观教学组优于传统教学法组,其差异有统计学意义(P<0.01)。结论 直观教学法应用于非口腔医学专业口腔教学中,能够提高学生学习兴趣与主动性、增强理论与临床联系的能力、改善教学效果。

【关键词】 传统教学法 直观教学法 合并交叉教学 口腔修复学

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Application of direct-viewing teaching method in prosthodontics teaching reform for non-stomatology students

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[Abstract] Objective To evaluate the effects of direct-viewing teaching method on teaching prosthodontics for non-stomatology students. Methods 59 medical students (five-year program and seven-year program) from Nanjing Medical University and Medical School of Nantong University were included. They were randomly divided into two groups: direct-viewing teaching method (DVT, 30 students) and lecture-based learning (LBL, 29 students). The content of Prosthodontics in the textbook of Oral Sciences was taught. A written examination and afollow-up survey were carried out to evaluate the effects of teaching method. Results There was no significant difference in the score of written examination between two groups (P>0.05). However, the follow-upsurvey showed a better score of the DVT group compared with that of the LBL group, which was statistically significant (P<0.01). Conclusions Application of direct-viewing teaching method increases the interest and motivation of learning, as well as the ability to applytheories to clinical practice. It also improves the teaching effect.

[Key Words] Lecture-Based Learning Direct-viewing teaching method Consolidation-intercross learning Prosthodontics

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口腔科学是临床医学教育课程体系中的不可 缺少组成部分,主要研究牙体牙髓、牙周及颌面 软、硬组织等疾病,以及这些组织的病变与全身